Relationships and Sex Education Policy

Woolenwick Infant and Nursery School



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1. Aims

The aims of relationships and Sex education, as part of the Personal, social, health, relationships and economic (PSHRE) education, at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies.

Our school motto is Learning, Growing, Achieving Together and it's with this ethos that we will teach PSHRE. We will learning individually, in groups and sometimes as a whole school. We will explore the curriculum of PSHRE sensitively but also bravely, confronting the challenges of the modern world and equipping our children to thrive in a diverse multicultural and multifaith society. We will prepare them to forge relationships and become conscientious, compassionate, strong, confident and respectful citizens.

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

However, we are not required to provide sex education to our children due to the curriculum and the age of our children but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching PSHRE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

At Woolenwick Infant and Nursery School we teach PSHRE as set out in this policy

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with Governors, staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Pupil consultation we use pupil voice to gather children's views and evaluate the effectiveness of PSHRE
- Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

PSHRE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

PSHRE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

PSHRE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online

6. Delivery of PSHRE

PSHRE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of PSHRE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE). We also teach relationships, friendships and wellbeing through our SEAL (social emotional aspects of learning), mindfulness and philosophy curriculum.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- Being safe

For more information about our PSHRE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

We will teach PSHRE discretely and through cross curricular links

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families,

LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers). We are an inclusive school and ALL children regardless of sex, age, familial circumstance, socio economic background, SEND or behavioural need have a right to access our PSHRE education.

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing body

The governing body will approve the PSHRE policy, and hold the head teacher and PSHRE Lead to account for its implementation.

7.2 The head teacher

The head teacher is responsible for ensuring that PSHRE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from components of PSHRE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering PSHRE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to PSHRE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from components of PSHRE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching PSHRE. Staff who have concerns about teaching PSHRE are encouraged to discuss this with the head teacher and/or PSHRE lead.

All staff are responsible for teaching PSHRE in school.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in PSHRE and, when discussing issues related to PSHRE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of PSHRE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar. Ben Reader, RSE leader will deliver training where appropriate.

The head teacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses, sexual health professionals, where appropriate or required to provide support and training to staff teaching PSHRE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of PSHRE is monitored by the PSHRE lead, Ben Reader, through:

Learning walks, pupil and teacher voice, book scrutinies and Governor Visits.

Pupils' development in PSHRE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the PSHRE lead, Ben Reader, on a tri yearly basis at every review, the policy will be approved by The Governing body.

Appendix 1: Curriculum map

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details	
Nursery	Autumn	This first term focuses on helping the children to settle into Nursery whilst developing their confidence and independence within the setting. We support them to choose activities and resources, ask for help and show understanding and cooperation when learning alongside their peers. Through encouraging them to play with other children, we explore 'getting on and falling out' and support them to find solutions to conflict and rivalries. We develop their sense of belonging and being part of a community, encouraging them to be brave and responsible. We look at difference through stories, props and puppets and explore what makes us individually 'special'. We look at Nursery rules and develop understanding of why they are important.	
		We focus upon:	
		Developing their coping strategies to separate from their parents and carers	
		Forming relationships with the adults in the setting and their peers	
		Encouraging them to express their emotions and say how they feel	
		Greeting and caring for each other	
		Looking after people when they are unwell or upset	
		Sharing and taking turns	
		Working together to set expectations and establish routines	
		Developing their understanding that they are part of a group, school, family and community.	
Nursery	Spring	During the Spring term, we encourage the children to extend and elaborate their play ideas. We continue to develop their independence and support them to talk about their feelings and emotions We explore what makes a good friend and encourage the children to further develop positive, caring relationships with their peers and familiar adults. We look at the roles of people who help us, such as the emergency services, and how we can help others. We explore road safety and role play crossing the road.	
		We focus upon:	
		•Encouraging the children to recognise and identify their own feelings	
		•Showing care and concern for others, respecting and valuing others and understanding that some actions and words can be hurtful	
		•Encouraging the children to know about their peers' interests and asking a peer to play.	
		•Caring for animals	
		•Engagement and perseverance, encouraging the children to be brave, have a go and not give up	

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details	
Nursery	Summer	Summer: In this term, we continue to develop the children's confidence through encouraging their independent thinking through the sharing of ideas and developing appropriate ways of being assertive. We encourage them to work as a team, develop their play experiences and adapt their behaviours in different situations and changes to routines. We encourage the children to understand how others might be feeling and to talk to others to solve conflicts. Finally we prepare the children for the next stage in their education and transition to Reception.	
		We focus on:	
		Caring for living things and appreciating difference and diversity	
		•Taking turns, sharing equipment and being part of a team (links to sports day)	
		•Listening to instructions	
		•Developing and sharing new and original ideas and taking an interest in the ideas of others	
		•Developing role play experiences with others	
		•Encouraging the children to talk about how they feel in different situations	
		•Transition visits to Reception, helping the children to become confident and familiar with the new environment and staff.	
Reception	Autumn	This first term focuses on forming relationships and developing rules as the children settle into Reception. We introduce them to the school Values and the Growth Mind-set Dinosaurs and they develop their confidence and independence within the setting as they become familiar with the different areas and resources. We support them in building constructive and positive relationships as they spend time getting to know each other and making friends. We encourage the children to see themselves as individuals and express their feelings whilst also considering the feelings of others.	
		We focus upon:	
		•Forming positive relationships with their peers and the staff	
		Developing expectations for behaviour and routines	
		•Supporting them to independently choose activities and resources, ask for help and show understanding and cooperation when learning alongside their peers.	
		•Listening and responding to others and developing their cooperation and negotiation skills	
		•Developing their use of language to confidently communicate with the adults and their peers	

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details	
Reception	Spring	During the Spring term we continue to develop the children's independence. We consider the school's values and those which are important to us as individuals. The children are encouraged to think about what makes them 'super' and their particular strengths. They are supported to identify and moderate their own feelings, both socially and emotionally and to learn how to manage their own needs.	
		We focus on:	
		•Identifying our own strengths, considering what makes us 'super'	
		•Reflecting upon those values which are important to us and why	
		•Playing cooperatively, taking turns and working as a team – negotiating and problem solving	
		•Respecting others through asking appropriate questions	
		•Describing themselves in positive terms and talking about their own abilities	
Reception	Summer	In this term we continue to develop the children's confidence as individuals within our school community. We develop their problem solving skills and their ability to show resilience and perseverance when challenged and learn to consider the perspectives of others. We look at our wider community and environment. We consider how we as responsible citizens can look after, and protect, planet Earth. Finally we prepare the children for the next stage in their education and transition to Key Stage 1.	
		We focus on:	
		•Respecting our environment	
		Being responsible for looking after, and protecting, Planet Earth	
		•Taking account of, and respecting, other people's ideas	
		•Developing children's confidence to speak to others about their own interests and opinions	
		•Developing the children's confidence to try new activities and take changes in routine in their stride	
		Developing cooperative play and team building activities	
		•Transition visits to Year 1, helping the children to become confident and familiar with the new environment and staff.	

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details							
Year 1	Autumn	Families & Friendships	Safe Relationships	Respecting Ourselves and Others					
							Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for	Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission	How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful
		This first term focuses on help new routines and expectations classroom and develop their under continue to develop their under and their peers and explore w	s. They discuss and develop the inderstanding of boundaries and erstanding of positive relations.	ne rules for a happy nd personal space. They					
		In this term, the children learn	:						
		 About people who car friends, teachers 	e for them e.g. parents, sibling	gs, grandparents, relatives,					
		The role these different	nt people play in children's live	s and how they care for them					
		What it means to be a same-sex parents etc	family and how families are d	ifferent e.g. single parents,					
		 About the importance about something in the 	of telling someone (and how teir family	o tell them) if they are worried					
		About situations when to for help	ı someone's body or feelings r	night be hurt and whom to go					
		About what it means t are private	o keep something private, incl	uding parts of the body that					
		 To identify different ty kisses and punches) 	pes of touch and they make pe	eople feel (e.g. hugs, tickling,					
		How to respond if beir	ng touched makes them feel u	ncomfortable or unsafe					
		When it is important to	ask for permission to touch o	thers					
		How to ask for and given	ve / not give permission						
		What kind and unkind	behaviours mean in and out of	of school					
			behaviour can make people fe	el					
		About what respect m							
		About class rules, being	ng polite to others, sharing and	d taking turns					

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details		
Year 1	Spring	Spr	ing: Living in the Wider Wo	orld
		Belonging to a Community	Media Literacy & Digital Resilience	Money and Work
		What rules are; caring for other' needs; looking after the environment	Using the internet and digital devices; communicating online	Strengths and interests; jobs in the community
		During this term the children or environment. Class monitors a importance of recycling. They need for online safety. They w applied to different jobs within	are chosen to attend Eco Club explore the benefits of using th ill look at individuals' strengths	and we look at the ne internet and consider the
		In this term, the children learn:		
		About examples of rule rules outside	es in different situations, e.g. c	class rules, rules at home,
		That different people h	nave different needs	
		How we care for peop	le, animals and other living thin	ngs in different ways
		How they can look after	er the environment, e.g. recycl	ing
		How and why people it	use the internet	
		The benefits of using t	the internet and digital devices	
			s out and communicate safely	
		_	ferent strengths in and out of s	
			rengths and interests are need	•
			ob it is to help us in the commu	unity
		About different jobs ar	nd the work people do	

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details
Year 1	Summer	Summer: Health and Wellbeing
		Physical Health and Growing and Changing Keeping Safe Mental Wellbeing
		Keeping healthy; food and exercise; hygiene routines; sun safety Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong How rules and age restrictions help us; keeping safe online
		In this final term we focus on health and well-being and the children explore physical, emotional and mental health. They consider what makes them healthy and the benefits of living a healthy lifestyle. In preparation for transition to Year 2 the children will reflect upon themselves as learners, celebrating their strengths and what they have enjoyed about Year 1. In this term, the children learn:
		in the term, the emidler learn.
		What it means to be healthy and why it is important
		Ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis
		About basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing
		About healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake
		About physical activity and how it keeps people healthy
		 About different types of play, including balancing indoor, out-door and screen- based play
		 About people who can help them to stay heathy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors
		How to keep safe in the sun
		 To recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at
		 How to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go wrong
		How they are the same and different to others
		About different kinds of feelings
		How to recognise feelings in themselves and others
		How feelings can affect how people behave
		How rules can help to keep us safe
		 Why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas
		Basic rules for keeping safe online
		Whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details		
Year 2	Autumn	Autumn: Relationships		
		Families & Friendships	Safe Relationships	Respecting Ourselves and Others
		Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help	Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help; recognising hurtful behaviour	Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working cooperatively; sharing opinions
		responsibilities of being the o become for our younger child	ling the children into Year 2. T Idest children in our school and ren. They build upon their abili I similarity whilst sharing their v	I the role models they by to work as a team and
		In this term, the children learn	1:	
		How to be a good frie	end, e.g. kindness, listening, ho	nesty
			that people meet and make frie	•
		Strategies for positive	e play with friends, e.g. joining	n, including others, etc.
		About what causes a	rguments between friends	
		How to positively resort	olve arguments between friend	s
		 How to recognise, an help someone else 	d ask for help, when they are f	eeling lonely or unhappy or to
		How to recognise hur	tful behaviour, including online	
		What to do and whon online	n to tell if they see or experienc	e hurtful behaviour, including
		About what bullying is	s and different types of bullying	
		How someone may fe	eel if they are being bullied	
			between happy surprises and s ried, and how to get help	secrets that make them feel
		How to resist pressur	e to do something that feels ur	comfortable or unsafe
		 How to ask for help if 	they feel unsafe or worried ab	out what vocabulary to use
		 About the things they people 	have in common with their frie	nds, classmates and other
		How friends can have	e both similarities and difference	es
		How to play and work	cooperatively in different grou	ps and situations
		How to share their ide reasons for their view	eas and listen to others, take p	art in discussions, and give

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details		
Year 2	Spring	Spring: Living in the Wider	World	
		Belonging to a Community	Media Literacy & Digital Resilience	Money and Work
		Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community	The internet in everyday life; online content and information	What money is; needs and wants; looking after money
		In this term, as we begin to pre encourage them to think about in their learning. We consider fr and how we respond to it. We bearn, save and spend it.	their individual learning skills riendships and what makes a	and identify their next steps good friend as well bullying
		In this term, the children learn:		
		About being part of difficlass teams, faith group	erent groups, and the role the ps	y play in these groups e.g.
		About different rights a community	nd responsibilities that they ha	ave in school and the wider
		About how a communit	y can help people from differe	ent groups to feel included
		To recognise that they different to others in the	are all equal, and ways in whi eir	ch they are the same and
		The ways in which peo computers	ple can access the internet e.	g. phones, tablets,
		To recognise the purpo	ose and value of the internet in	n everyday life
		To recognise that some entertainment e.g. new	e content on the internet is fac rs, games, videos	stual and some is for
		That information online	might not always be true	
			nd its different forms e.g. coinds, electronic payments	s, notes, and ways of paying
		How money can be kep	ot and looked after	
		About getting, keeping	and spending money	
		That people are paid m	noney for the job they do	
		How to recognise the d	lifference between needs and	wants
		How people make choi and wants	ces about spending money, ir	ncluding thinking about needs

Year group	Term	Topic/theme details	
Year 2	Summer	Summer: Health and Wellbeing	
		Physical Health and Growing and Changing Keeping Safe Mental Wellbeing	
		Why sleep is important; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year Safety n different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies	
		In this final term, the children learn: About routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health	
		Why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy	
		 That medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people to stay healthy and manage allergies 	
		The importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist	
		About food and drink that affect dental health	
		How to describe and share a range of feelings	
		 Ways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g. playing outside, listening to music, spending time with others 	
		 How to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement 	
		When and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings	
		About the human life cycle and how people grow from young to old	
		How our needs and bodies change as we grow up	
		 To identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles 	
		About change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities	
		 Preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year 	
		 How to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines 	
		 How to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about' 	
		 To identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger 	
		 How to help keep themselves safe at home in relation to electrical appliances, fire safety and medicines / household products 	
		 About things that people can put into their body or onto their skin e.g. medicines and creams, and how these can affect how people feel 	
		How to respond if there is an accident and someone is hurt	
		 About whose job it is to keep us safe and how to get help in an emergency, including how to dial 999 and what to say 	

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring friendships	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	 How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed
Respectful relationships	The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	• Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online relationships	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
	That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources